











National Network of Rural Areas

The Emilia Romagna Region experience

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Why the Rural Network was made?

- Necessity to support the information process in order to fill up the dispersion of rural operators in the country
- Presence of several subject very different from them (directly or indirectly) connected to the rural development.
- Encourage the support of employments offer in order to reduce the abandoning process in the rural areas, in particularly of young people
- Demand to satisfy specific necessity of different Italian regions
- Increase the value of bests Italian rural areas, but at the same time come out possible critical situation of governance system













The National Rural Network

- All the states of European Community have to supply with a National Rural Network connected to the European one
- The network have to perform differents duties:
 - Detect and transfer best bractice (in the region, in the Country, and in Europe)
 - Organize and exchange experiences
 - Set formation programs
 - In the large, the network have to know and spread the risult of the new policy of Rural Development













Which is the strategy?

 The analysis of critical situation and the require of intervention pull out three global objective that the Rural Network Program intend to follow:















The program of National Rural Network

For a country like Italy, characterize by a strong administrative decentralization system, but with a growing request of a bottom-up partecipation to the rural development, the decision to use the National Rural Network is base on:

- Action system and support to the regional administrative services in order to help management of Rural Development Program and improve performance, efficiency, and integration with other policy
- Specific actions to enforce planning and management ability of different subjects involved in the RDP accomplishment (for examples: LAG, other middle subject occupied in the Leader approach, ex....)
- Activity of location, analyzing, portability and transfer of best practice and innovations.
- Support to the promotional services for local rural operator.













Objective connected to the Priority of intervention

Evolution of rural area caracteristics

System of programming and management of Rural Development Policy

Leader approach and other connected governance

Cooperation

Territorial animation and diffusion of best practice and informations

Enviromental Themes

Improvement of governance

Enforcement of planning and management capability

Diffusion of best practice and knowlegment













The program of italian national rural network

Type of investment	Public quote	FEASR	% of total
Management of National Rural Network	12.437.964	6.218.982	15%
Implementation of NRN program	70.481.801	35.240.900	85%
TOTAL	82.919.766	41.459.883	100%

 The Network cover all the country with Regional Position of National Rural Network





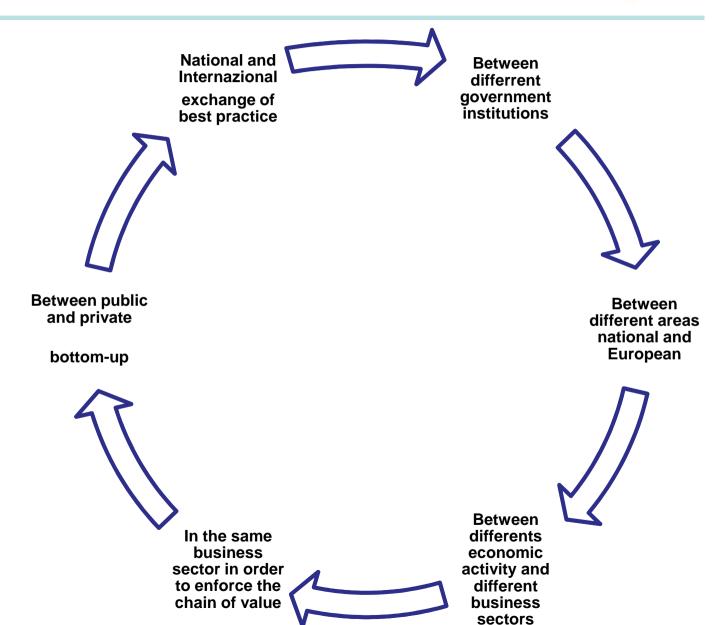








Though a full and wide democratic participation of all institutional partners, involved in socialeconomics and environmental themes, included the NGO, the Rural Network have to establish a relationship with all the subject, and consolidate reports:















The action plan of NRR

- The action plan, trough a setting up of different thematic networks, will focus on obligatory measures but also on specific requirements of the regions:
- 1. Monitoring and evaluation of RDP
- 2. Leader approach
- 3. Cooperation
- 4. Agro environmental
- 5. Quality and diffusion of innovation
- 6. Other strategic theme identify by the Network













Regional positions of NRN

- The program of NRN foresee that the activity will be realize:
- At the central level by the different thematic Task Force organized by the National Unity of Animation and coordination ("UNAC")
- At regional level trough different regional position ("regional antennas") constitute to every single region in the Authority of management of regional-RDP













"Direction cabin"

Function of coordination of all activity done by Network

UNAC

Unità Nazionale di Animazione e coordinamento

Programming functional

INEA

Istituto Nazionale di Economia Agraria

Operating

REGION

Authority of management of regional RDP

Direct contact, coordination

Regional Position (regional antennas)

More regional antennas of Rural Network constitute an interface regional and local (to intercept different requests of local level)













Emilia Romagna Regional Rural network



National Rural Network



antennas





Authority management of regional-RDP and monitoring and evaluation

INFORMATIONS, BEST PRACTICE EXCHANGE





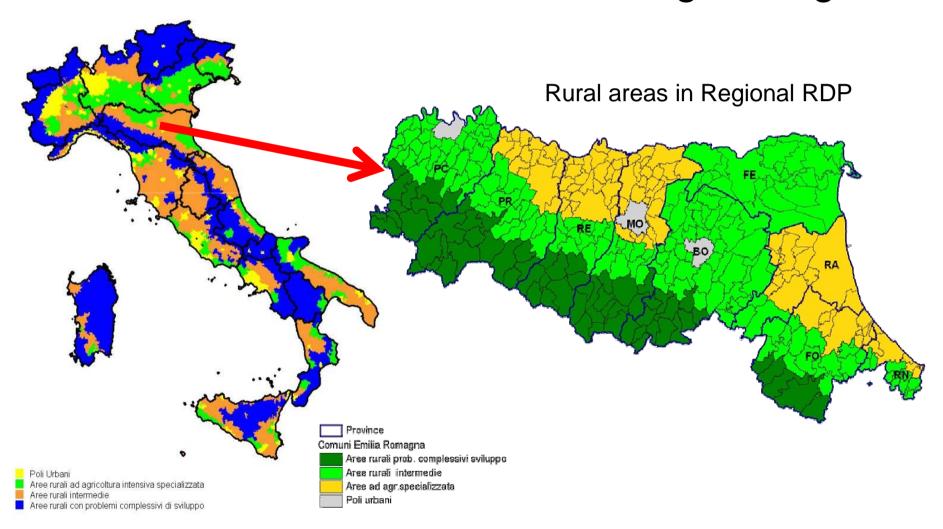








General overwiev of Emilia Romagna Region















Division of economic resources in Italy - EAFRD

Valle d'Aosta	5 2 , 2 2 1 , 0 0 0	0.6%
M olise	85,790,000	1.0%
Trento	100,652,000	1 .2 %
L ig u ria	106,047,000	1.3%
Friuli–Venezia Giulia	108,773,000	1.3%
Bolzano	137,575,000	1.7%
A b r u z z o	168,911,000	2.0%
M arche	202,320,000	2 .4 %
Lazio	288,384,000	3.5 %
U m bria	3 3 4 , 4 3 0 , 0 0 0	4.0%
Toscana	369,210,000	4.5%
B a s ilic a ta	372,650,000	4.5%
Piem onte	3 9 4 , 5 0 0 , 0 0 0	4.8%
Lom bardia	3 9 5 , 9 4 9 , 0 0 0	4.8%
V e n e to	402,457,000	4.9%
E m ilia - R o m a g n a	4 1 1 ,2 5 1 ,0 0 0	5.0%
Sardegna	5 5 1 ,2 5 0 ,0 0 0	6.6%
C a la b ria	6 2 3 , 3 4 1 , 0 0 0	7.5%
P u g lia	8 5 1 , 3 2 7 , 0 0 0	10.3%
C am pania	1,082,349,000	13.1%
S ic ilia	1,211,163,000	14.6%
n e tw o rk	41,459,883	0.5%
to tal Italy	8,292,009,883	100.0%
	Molise Trento Liguria Friuli-Venezia Giulia Bolzano Abruzzo Marche Lazio Umbria Toscana Basilicata Piemonte Lombardia Veneto Emilia-Romagna Sardegna Calabria Puglia Campania Sicilia network	M o lis e 8 5,7 9 0,000 T rento 100,652,000 Lig u ria 106,047,000 F riu li-Venezia Giulia 108,773,000 B o lzano 137,575,000 A bruzzo 168,911,000 M arche 202,320,000 Lazio 288,384,000 U m bria 334,430,000 Toscana 369,210,000 Basilicata 372,650,000 Piem onte 394,500,000 Lom bardia 395,949,000 Veneto 402,457,000 Emilia-Romagna 411,251,000 Sardegna 551,250,000 Calabria 623,341,000 Puglia 851,327,000 Campania 1,082,349,000 Sicilia 1,211,163,000 network 41,459,883













Caracteristics of our Region

Socio-economic context:

- Total population = 4.1 million inhabitants.
- Population density = 187.6 in hab./km2.
- Per capita GDP (pps) = 139% of EU-25 average.

Rural areas:

- The 3 typologies of rural area defined by the NSP are present.
- 84% of the population and 98% of the territory.
- Population density = 161.3 inhab./km2.













Importance of the agricultural, forestry and food sector:

Land utilisation

- The utilised agricultural area covers 60% of the territory and forests 28%.
- UAA utilised agricultural area -1,074,552 ha arable land (77.6%) , permanent crops (13.6%) permanent pastures (8.7%)

Holding dimens

•The average surface of the agricultural holdings is 12.3 ha (IT: 6.7 ha; EU: 16 ha).

Value added

 The primary sector represents 3.2% of the regional value added and food industry 3.9%. In the 2008 the V.A of 1° primary sector (about 2.115 million) represented 9,7% of the national

Employment

Employment in the primary sector respects 5.5% of the regional total.













Strategy

- Favor organization and aggregations of chain
- Favor the environmental rule of agriculture, sustainability of productions model and protect the biodiversity
- Favor food safety, food quality and protect the distinction of products origin (13 DOP and 11 Gi)
- Favor the production of renewable energy
- Favor the multifunctionality of rural farms
- Promote development of rural areas, and protection of environment

The needed to focus the interventions to the specific targets detected before and to definite areas requires a selectivity choice in order to have a better allocation of public resources.













Objective for Axes

Three macro objective:

- 1) Improving the competitiveness of agriculture and forestry through support to restructuring of the sector
- 2) Improvement of the environment and rural development through support to the management of the territory
- 3) Improvement of the quality of life in rural areas and promoting the diversification of economic activities.

Four priority axes:

Axes 1 improvement of competitiveness of the agricultural and forestry sectors

Axes 2 territory management

Axes 3 diversification of the rural economy and quality of life

Axes 4 leader approach













Summary of different measures activated

- Axes 1 9 measures on 14 scheduled
- Axes 2 8 measures on 13 scheduled
- Axes 3 7 measures on 8 scheduled
- Axes 4 LEADER: 5 measures on 5 scheduled
- Technical assistance
- 29 measures proposed on 41 scheduled against of 14 activated in the last RDP program of 2000-2006.
- + 1 with Health Check reform = TOTAL OF 30













Cross thematic priority

The Regional Rural Development Program will assume some thematic priority cross the axes and also cross the areas defined before:

- Aids and favor to young entrepreneur
- Improve the value of agricultural products made by biological process;
- Promotion of quality products OGM free;
- Improve and support and the development of chain for the production of renewable energy













Territorial priority

- **Axes 1**: differentiate the percentage of appropriation for holdings in less-favoured areas (areas with overall issues of development and part of intermediate rural areas);
- **Axes 2:** the application of special allowances for the less-favoured areas (all areas with overall issues of development and part of intermediate rural areas)
- **Axes 3**: focus the interventions in intermediate areas with a greater degree of rurality (areas with overall development issues and intermediate rural areas)
- **Axes 4**: territories selected for the Leader initiatives: areas with overall development issues and intermediate rural areas





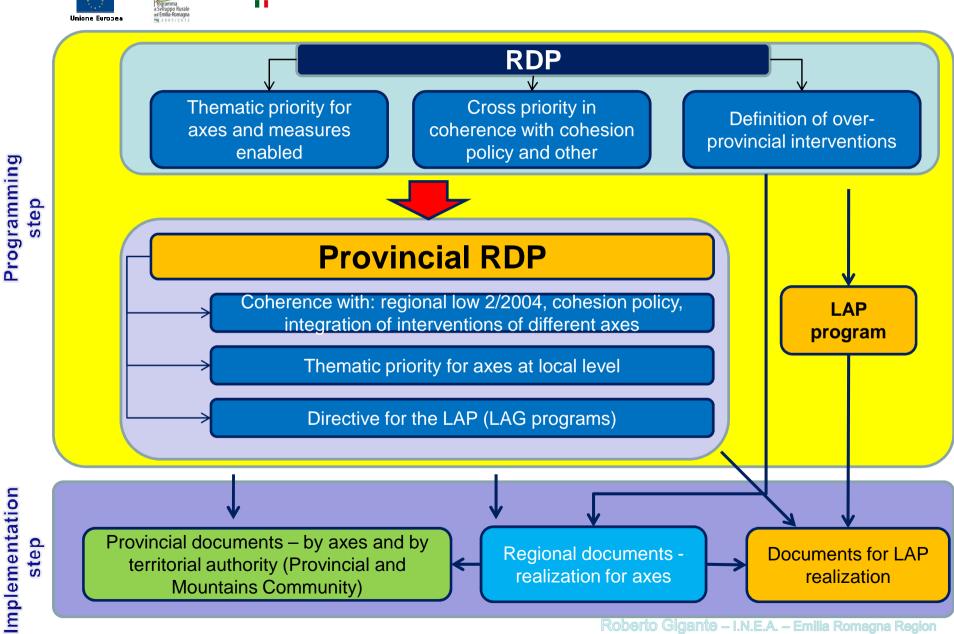








Governance scheme







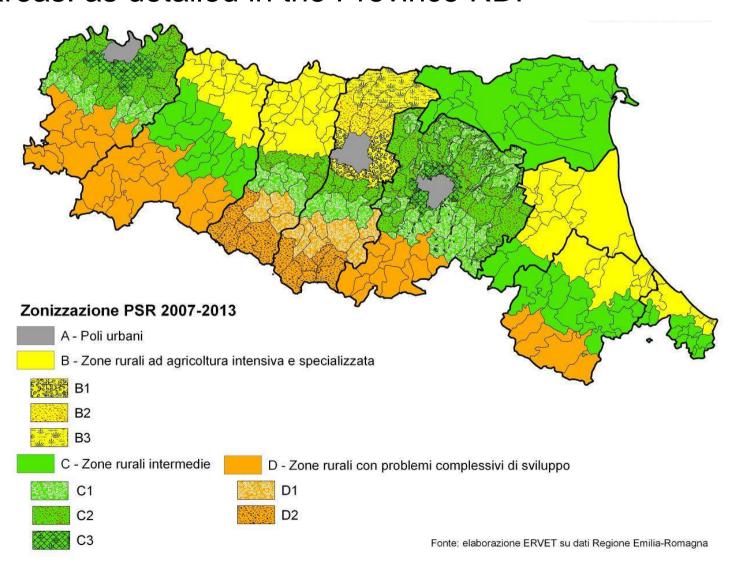








Rural areas: as detailed in the Province RDP















Governance

Introduction of management conjoint responsibility, through: the allocation of the large part of resources at the provincial level:

definition of mechanism of "premium" compensation in the allocation of resources between territorial bodies in order to achieve the full use of financial resources allocated to rural development.

In overall terms, the allotment of resources provides:

the 71 % of the total resources of the RDP will be allocated (assigned) to the provinces for the financing of the PRIP;

the 24 % reserved to the region for interventions of over-provincial nature;

the 5 % allocated to the LAG.













Financial table

Assi	Risorse totali attuali	%	Risorse totali post health check	%	
Axes 1	168.500.000	41,0%	206.861.258	•	42,8%
Axes 2	174.738.500	42,5%	196.829.531	•	40,7%
Axes 3	42.900.000	10,43%	52.540.342		10,9%
Axes 4	21.000.000	5,11%	23.241.370		4,8%
TA	4.112.500	1,00%	4.112.500		0,9%
Total	411.251.000	100%	483.585.000		100%
		Include + 72,3 M.euro			

Importi in spesa pubblica

Assi	Risorse totali attuali	%	Risorse totali post health check	%
Axes 1	382.954.545	41,0%	447.272.097	42,3%
Axes 2	397.132.955	42,5%	434.580.393	41,1%
Axes 3	97.500.000	10,4%	113.611.801	10,8%
Axes 4	47.727.273	5,1%	51.532.970	4,9%
TA	9.346.591	1,0%	9.346.591	0,9%
Total	934.661.364	100%	1.056.343.852	100,00%
		Include ± 121 8 M euro		

Include + 121,8 M.euro





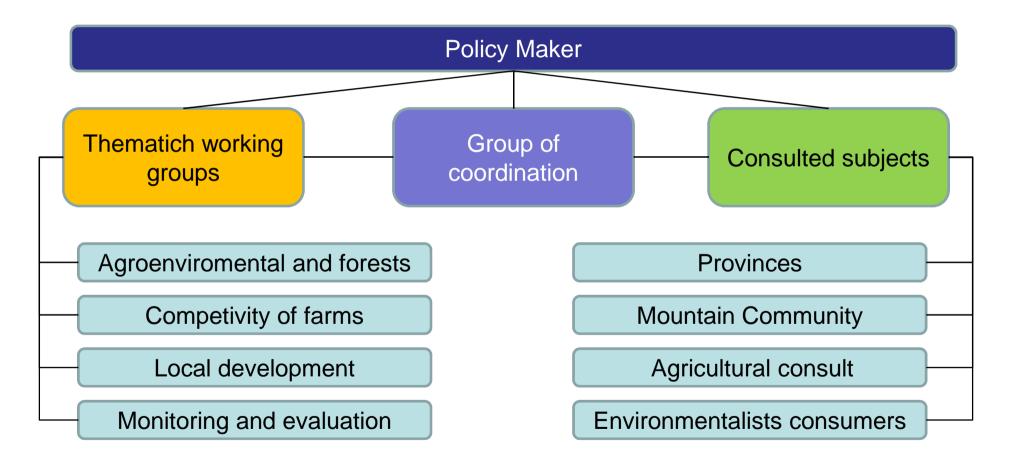








RDP – organizational model in the programming step:







I NEA

Regional antennas





Management scheme



Monitoring commission

Authority Management

AGREA

(Autority for payment and control)

Monitoring and evaluation group

- 4 persons
- coordination of evaluation activities
- producing of monitoring informations
- verifying the quality of evaluation reports

Management committee

Formed by measures and transversal themes responsibles

Follows the management of RDP

LAG

PROVINCES

Evaluation steering group

- Formed by 16 regional experts
- Supporting Monitoring and evaluation group in verifyng the quality of evaluation reports













Finally, why building the Network?

- To go over the isolation of rural development with other sectors, and favor a bottom up approach.
- Realize a large-scale model be up to spill over knowledge on rural development, and highlight the positive effects on territory
- To amplify effects and enhance the performance of join interventions













Thank you for your attention

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