



**Midi-Pyrénées Europe**

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General	Partner Search
<p><b>Programme / Call for proposals</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ERASMUS +</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Key action 3: support for policy reform — initiatives for policy innovation</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">European policy experimentations in the fields of education, training and youth led by high-level public authorities</p> <p><a href="http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=OJ:JOC_2015_415_R_0008&amp;from=EN">http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=OJ:JOC_2015_415_R_0008&amp;from=EN</a></p>
<p><b>Project title</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>“Partnership Against the Radicalization of Youth Subjects»</b></p>
<p><b>Partner interested to join a consortium</b></p>	<p><b>UNIVERSITE DE TOULOUSE 2 JEAN JAURES (University of Toulouse)</b>  LABORATOIRE EFTS EDUCATION FORMATION  Located at Toulouse, Languedoc Roussillon Midi-Pyrénées, France</p>
<p><b>Partner Sought</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Public authorities in charge of security or education</li> <li>- Companies searching for solutions for global security</li> <li>- Research Laboratories involved to prevent radicalization</li> </ul>
<p><b>Outline of the project</b></p>	<p>At the core of many of acts of terrorist violence are young Europeans who have gradually chosen to engage in violence. More and more of young Europeans, mainly from Belgium, France and Britain are engaging in Jihad in Syria and Iraq. Today, young girls are increasingly likely to commit themselves to the Jihad movement. The European scientists specialized in youth (psychology, educational sciences, child psychiatry, sociology, anthropology) must take into consideration these elements to better understand how the radical, conspiring and anti-system discourse is, at present, a radicalization vector.</p> <p>Of all the places of radicalization and indoctrination, cyberspace has become, year after year, one of the most mentioned by analysts and security forces. Terrorist groups are now heavily spread throughout the Internet. This free access space is used for several objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Propaganda in the strict meaning of the term and dissemination of disinformation in the media;</li> </ul>



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- Exchange of information between those involved in the action and to pass around instructions;
- Enlisting young recruits by using social networks and by creating communication and enslavement communities;
- Sending messages to the enemy and claiming responsibility for the acts;
- Sending information and counterinformation to sympathizers;

All research conducted in the prevention of violent acts, acts of terrorism and acts of cyberbullying point at the Internet but we don't have tools to describe and detect the sites that would prohibit such practices. Moreover, research conducted in the fields of humanities in digital sociability, cyberbullying, cybercrime, addiction and mental manipulation are very effective in preventing and understanding these acts of cyberviolence.

The PARIYS project aims to bring together researchers from different worlds and actors involved in areas of national security, culture, social affairs and education in order to:

- Combine research results with theoretical fields to put forward the scientific consensus and theoretical, methodological or/and ethical differences coming from the creation of the interdisciplinary consortium.
- Get in touch with the stakeholders of research actions in order to collectively build tools of description and evaluation of existing approaches of the fight against radicalization and deradicalization.
- Establish cooperation between companies, administrations and ministries to introduce processes and tools that would help to prevent radicalization of youth

**This program aims to develop a comprehensive approach to violent radicalization in the EU to better prevent its occurrence and improve the protection of citizens. Achieving this goal of general policy requires for main phases:**

- I) Obtain a scientific consensus on the different processes that lead young people to this kind of action;**
- II) Measure the progress of these among European youth and characterize the susceptible populations and/or victims;**
- III) Determine the processes specific to the Internet and social networks;**
- IV) Evaluate prevention and to propose other mediated these acts;**



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<b>Deadline</b>	For creating the partnership: <b>10 March 2016</b>	For submitting the project: <b>24 April 2016</b>
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